THE INFORMAL SETTLEMENT SUPPORT PROGRAMME (ISSP)

finding solutions together



BETTER TOGETHER



Housing is one of the biggest challenges in South Africa, with the need for affordable housing far outweighing government's ability to deliver.

Due to this challenge, people have created housing solutions using available resources and materials. In an effort to improve their living conditions in an informal settlement, the Western Cape Government strives to provide access to water, sanitation, electricity, tenure security, and shelter.

A There is a big demand for housing



Cape are in need of adequate housing.



The biggest demand for housing is in the City of Cape Town.

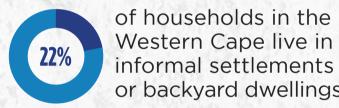
B Housing delivery in the Western Cape cannot meet the demand



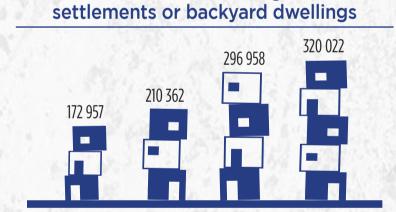


20 000 opportunities 👬 But the demand is much higher than that and providing housing to everyone 550 000 households AAA in need will take a registered for housing **fifth** very long time.

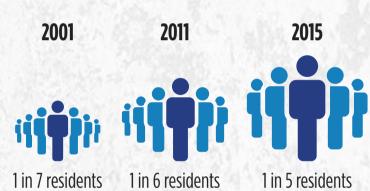
C A large and growing number of people live in informal settlements



or backyard dwellings. Number of households living in informal



Informal settlements are growing faster than the municipality's ability to deliver housing and provide serviced sites.



Live in informal settlements

5 Important parts of upgrading your informal settlement

The various parts of upgrading can improve the quality of life in your informal settlement.

COMMUNITY-BASED DI ANNUAG

Your community and municipality working together to find solutions and plan for upgrading. The aim is to meet the community's needs.

Finding the most suitable form of you from evictions and allows you to build, rent and sell.

> These parts should work to connect your informal settlement to other parts of the municipality, and to job opportunities, schools, clinics and other important public services.





Schools, clinics, good quality public openspaces and community halls should be provided to meet your

community needs.

When these parts come together, you are empowered to take part in the development of your own neighbourhood.

Over time, your settlement will develop into a dignified and safe neighbourhood.

Improving your house or property over time, by building a simple top structure, or investing in extensions to increase its size, quality and value.

for municipalities and provincial government in the Western Cape to address the housing challenge.



The ISSP is a new.

people-centred and partnership-based

approach to support informal settlement residents across the Western Cape and improve their living conditions.

The first cycle of projects aims to develop about 25 000 serviced sites.

Over time, residents will have access to public infrastructure, finance, land, tenure, economic opportunities and incremental housing opportunities.

This is a **new direction**



The ISSP is committed to:

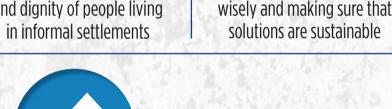
Working together with communities and other



Protecting the rights of vulnerable groups



Using natural resources and dignity of people living





The Western Cape Covernment is responding to your shelter and livelihood needs.

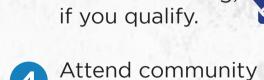
© Communities and government can do more when they work together

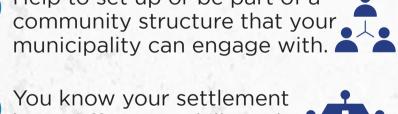
What can YIII do?

Find out from your municipality when the upgrading of your settlement will take place.



Register your need for housing, if you qualify. if you qualify.

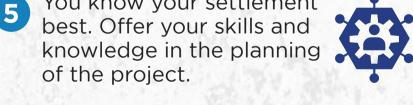




Help to set up or be part of a

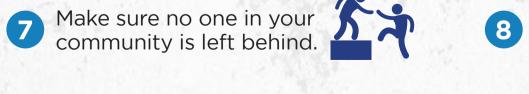


meetings to discuss what is important to you.

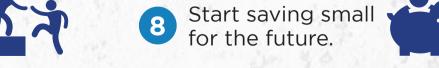




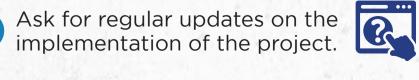
Find out what other organisations can support your community and reach out to them.















Better livelihoods and better neighbourhoods are possible because we're BETTER TOCETHER.

Why are informal settlements growing?



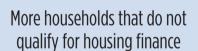


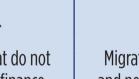




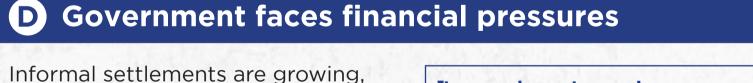








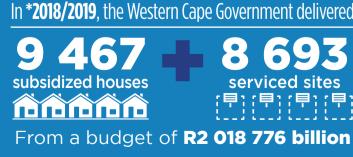
Migration to the Western Cape and need for affordable housing





2016/2017 2017/2018 *2018/2019 2019/2020

but government budgets are not.



A SUBSIDIZED HOUSE A SERUICED SITE



There is not enough money because government faces other financial pressures:



to provinces





government has less

money to spend

on services

More money is spent on repaying national debt. This leaves less money for service delivery and other functions



Money has to be allocated to different government departments, such as health. education, and social services.

security that protects

Ensuring that you have access to basic services such as water, electricity, sanitation, and waste removal for you to live in dignity.

Take part in transforming your community

3 ESSENTIAL SERVICES

Upgrading addresses your challenges and needs

You may not have access to municipal services, roads/ pathways, drainage systems and other services in an informal settlement. This poses many health and safety risks, and does not cater for your needs.

Your municipality

is responsible for

addressing this.



